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ASSISTANT DEPUTY MINISTER (INFORMATION MANAGEMENT)

DIRECTOR GENERAL INFORMATION MANAGEMENT OPERATIONS
JOINT FORCE CYBER COMPONENT COMMANDER



IT Security vs. Defensive Cyber Operations: The evolution of CAF Cyber

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Canada 



Outline

- “The Centre”
- How does CAF Cyber fit in?
- CFNOC evolution
- ITS vs. DCO
- SSE – Where are we now?



MWO Alex Arndt

- MOSID 00378 – Cyber Operator
- 28 years in the CAF
- Experience includes Infantry, SIGINT, EW and Cyber
- Graduate of the Army Technical Warrant Officer Programme
- Over 15 years of Cyber Operations experience
- Several Industry Certifications
 - CISSP, SANS GCIA and GCIH, EC-Council ECIH



Canadian Centre for Cyber Security (aka “The Centre”)

- The CCCS is announced in January 2018
- Government of Canada released National Cyber Security Strategy in June 2018
 - Three areas of focus: Security and Resilience, Cyber Innovation, Leadership and Collaboration
- The CCCS brings three organizations together to provide Leadership
 - CSE (ITS Branch)
 - SSC (SOC)
 - PS (CCIRC and GetCyberSafe)



Canadian Centre for Cyber Security (aka “The Centre”)

- CCCS consolidates ITS functions into one integrated team:
 - Defence of Government of Canada systems
 - Expert advice and guidance
 - Threat assessments and reporting
 - Coordinated incident response
 - Secure solutions and services
 - Cyber security training and education
- PS remains responsible for ITS policy



CAF integration into CCCS

- CAF has only one Cyber Unit (CFNOC)
- Historically CFNOC has performed similar functions to CCCS, in partnership with other CAF/DND partners
 - DIMEI (ITS engineering)
 - Dir IM Secur (ITS policy and SA&A)
 - ISSOs (IR actions and reporting)
- CFNOC will continue to collaborate with CCCS to ensure ITS delivery is responsive, efficient and effective for DND/CAF networks
- Establishment of CCCS allows for evolution towards DCO



Canadian Forces Network Operations Centre (CFNOC)

Mission: CFNOC will gain and maintain cyber superiority within the DND/CAF's cyber AOR in order to assure friendly forces freedom of action.



What does CFNOC do?

CFNOC conducts defensive operations within DND/CAF's cyberspace to detect, defeat, and/or mitigate offensive and exploitive actions to maintain freedom of action.

**Defensive Cyber Operations - Internal
Defensive Measures (DCO-IDM)**



Defensive Cyber Operations (DCO)

A defensive operation conducted in or through cyberspace to detect, defeat and/or mitigate offensive and exploitive actions to maintain freedom of action. A DCO may include internal defensive measures and response actions

Defensive cyber operation - Internal defensive measures (DCO-IDM)

Measures and activities conducted within one's own cyberspace to ensure freedom of action



A quote from the Commander of CFIOG...

“CFNOC’s role is not to be another layer of IT Security but to defend against and defeat our adversaries in this battlespace...” – Colonel Dave Yarker



ITS vs. DCO

Cybersecurity

Information assurance
Threat agnostic
Vulnerability-focused
Compliance

Best practices
Industry standards

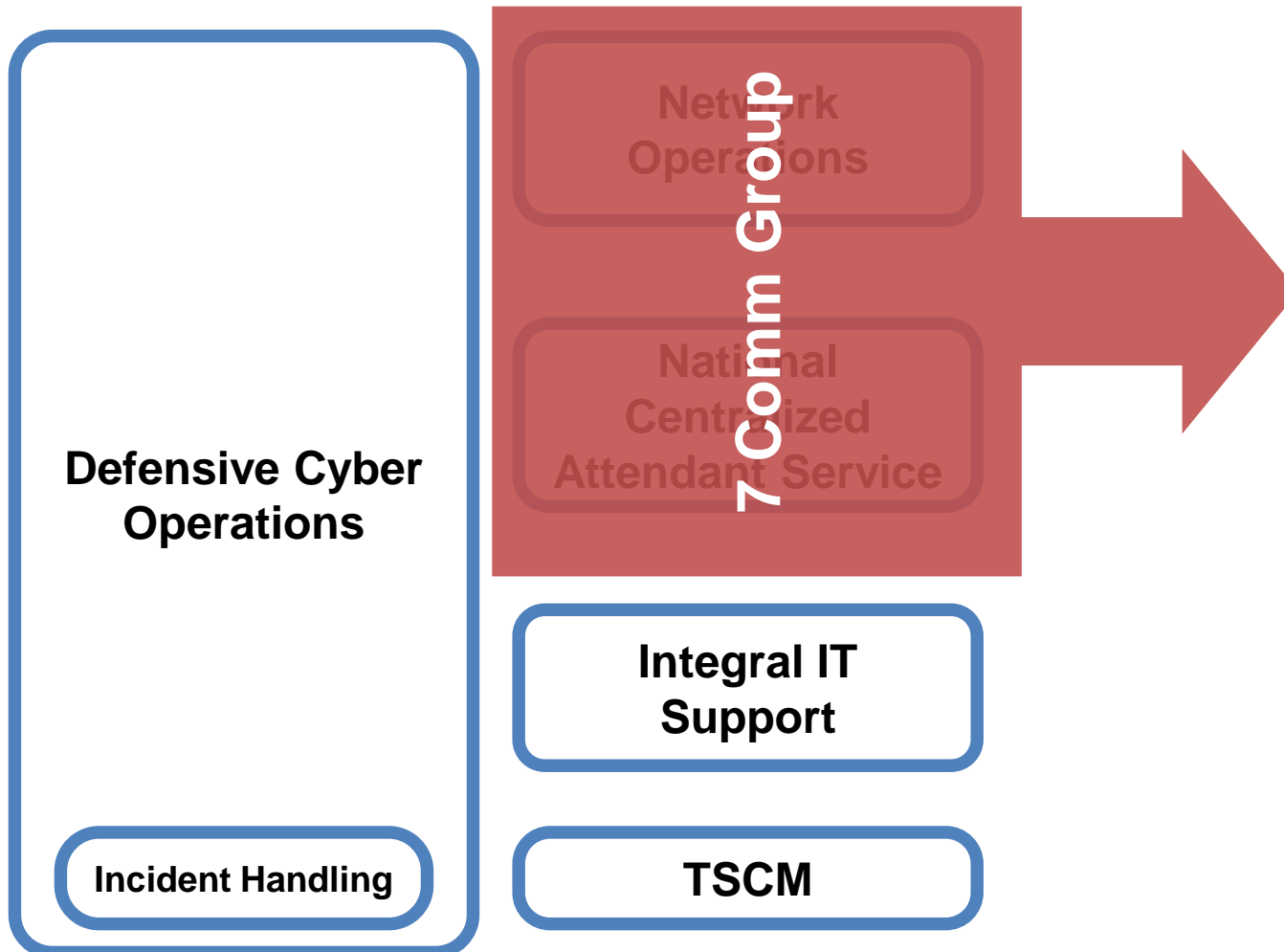
Cyber Defence

Assure the mission
Adversary focused

Command and Control
Intelligence
Movement and manoeuvre

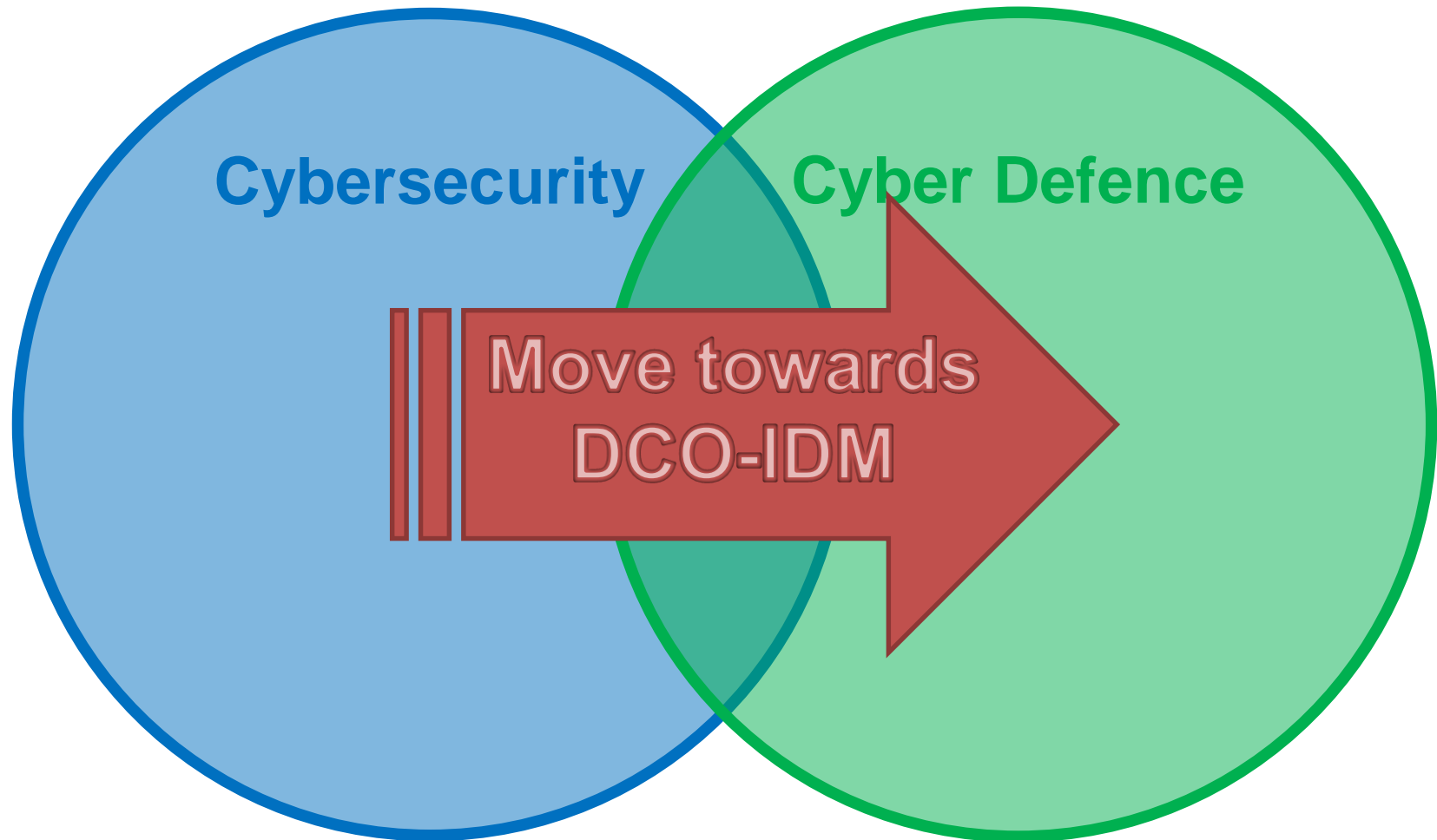


How has CFNOC changed?





CFNOC Evolution





SSE – Where are we now?

- Ongoing DCO-IDM evolution ensures that CAF Cyber is focused on supporting Commanders
- CAF DCO will not duplicate CCCS responsibilities writ large
- Initiatives 65 and 89 are being met
- Initiatives 75 and 88 continue to be worked on



SSE Initiatives

- **Initiative 65** – Improve cryptographic capabilities, information operations capabilities, and cyber capabilities to include: cyber security and situational awareness projects, cyber threat identification and response, and the development of military-specific information operations and offensive cyber operations capabilities able to target, exploit, influence, and attack in support of military operations
- **Initiative 75** – Assign Reserve Force units and formations new roles that provide full-time capability to the Canadian Armed Forces through part-time service
- **Initiative 88** – Develop active cyber capabilities and employ them against potential adversaries in support of government-authorized military missions
- **Initiative 89** – Grow and enhance the cyber force by creating a new Canadian Armed Forces Cyber Operator occupation to attract Canada's best and brightest talent and significantly increasing the number of military personnel dedicated to cyber functions.



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Canadian Forces Network Operations Centre

“Fight the Networks”



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